

Quiz I

A **noun** names a person, place or thing.

A **verb** is a word that is capable of asserting something.

1. Decide if the following words are nouns or verbs and then write them in the correct column.

arrow, run, George Washington, grow, smell, mask, giraffe, United States, read, silver, drive, think, finger

NOUNS	VERBS

2. Write the words from the NOUNS column in the previous exercise in the correct column below. Is the noun a person, place, or thing?

PERSON	PLACE	THING

3. Underline the stem of the words below.

laudare

edere

vivere

bibere

4. Which type of sentence is it? Circle your answer.

a. Peter Pan hides with his friends.

Assertion (Indicative)

Command (Imperative)

b. Jump the plank!

Assertion (Indicative)

Command (Imperative)

c. Tinkerbell is mischievous.

Assertion (Indicative)

Command (Imperative)

5. Draw lines to match the vocabulary.

laudare

to drink

monere

to put, place

audire

to conquer

agere

to eat

bibere

to praise

edere

to rule

ponere

to warn

regere

to do, act

vivere

to hear

vincere

to live

Quiz II

STEM: To find the stem, drop the **-re** on what is called the “indeterminate” or “infinitive” form. (After all, there are almost “infinite” possibilities for sentences once we have the infinitive form.)

Example: laudare - **re** = lauda (lauda is the **stem**)

1. Write the stem of the verbs.

a. laudare - re = _____

b. bibere - re = _____

c. vincere - re = _____

d. agere - re = _____

e. ponere - re = _____

In both English and Latin, we refer to one of something as **SINGULAR** and to more than one of something as **PLURAL**.

2. Indicate whether the following words are SINGULAR (by writing an “S” after them), or PLURAL (by writing a “P” after them).

a. leaf _____

d. geese _____

b. hose _____

e. rocket _____

c. palaces _____

f. hammers _____

3. Here are some very common Latin endings. Circle the plural endings.

-o or -m

-mus

-s

-tis

-t

-nt

4. Write the person (1st, 2nd, or 3rd) of each of these pronouns and identify them as either singular or plural.

I _____

We _____

You (sing.) _____

You (pl.) _____

He, She, It _____

They _____

5. Write the meanings of the vocabulary.

laudare _____

monere _____

vincere _____

vivere _____

agere _____

bibere _____

edere _____

audire _____

regere _____

ponere _____